

# **Sensors for Automation**

# **Catalog Section Ultrasonic Sensors**

ALSEN TK 8 Edition 4.11



### Klaschka Industrieelektronik GmbH

Am Zeller Pfad 1
75242 Neuhausen / Enzkreis
Germany
Fon +49 7234 79-0
Fax +49 7234 79-112
vertrieb@klaschka.de
www.klaschka.de

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Agencies and distributors

You will find a further selection of sensors from our extensive product range in the following catalogs:

Catalog Section Inductive Proximity Switches and Accessories TK 1 + 12.1

Catalog Section Pulse Sensors and Accessories TK 2 + 12.1

Catalog Section Safety Elements and Accessories TK 5 + 12.2

Catalog Section Capacitive Sensors TK 9

# Articles sorted by ref. no. and type



Ref. no.	Type designation	Page	Type designation	Ref. no.	Page
13.25-10	AAD-12eq80b200-1o2Sd1B	8.1.1	AAD-12eg80b200-1o2Sd1B	13.25-10	8.1.1
13.25-11	AAD-18fq100b2000-11o22Se1C	8.1.3	AAD-12mg95b8-1Sc1A	13.25-13	8.1.7
13.25-12	AAD-30fq140b3500-11o22Se1C	8.1.5	AAD-18fg100b2000-11o22Se1C	13.25-11	8.1.3
13.25-13	AAD-12mg95b8-1Sc1A	8.1.7	AAD-30fg140b3500-11o22Se1C	13.25-12	8.1.5
13.25-14	AGA-18fq100b400-1Se1A	8.2.1	AAD-80x80fs50b6000-11o22Se1C	13.25-15	8.1.9
13.25-15	AAD-80x80fs50b6000-11o22Se1C	8.1.9	AGA-18fg100b400-1Se1A	13.25-14	8.2.1
13.25-16	AGH-18fg92b600-3ND1	8.2.3	AGH-18fg92b600-3ND1	13.25-16	8.2.3
13.25-17	AGH-18fa96b1600-3Se1C	8.2.5	AGH-18fg96b1600-3Se1C	13.25-17	8.2.5

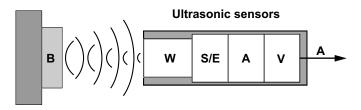
# Task, mode of operation and application examples

#### Task

Ultrasonic sensors can detect targets of any material with any type of surface. Thus they are suitable for detecting solid, grain, powder, or liquid targets, even if these are transparent or coloured. However, they are not suitable for safety applications because of their physical properties.

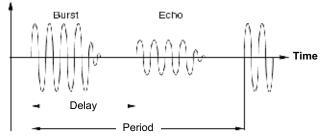
#### Mode of operation

Ultrasonic sensors operate in the **ultrasonic** range. They consist of a switchable send and receive unit S/E, an evaluation unit A, and a succeeding amplifier stage V. The ultrasonic transducer W consists of a piezocerarnic vibrator or an electrostatic transducer.



Transmit and receive modes alternate. While sending, sound waves are transmitted in short intervals (bursts). The transmission frequency lies in the range which is optimum for the physical properties of the transducer. If the sound waves impinge on a sound reflecting target, the waves are reflected as an echo back to the transducer. In the mean time, the S/E unit switches to receive mode. Thus, the evaluation unit determines the distance of a target on the basis of the transit-time of the detected echo. An internally adjustable treshold detector switches the output amplifier according to the required target distance. A built-in potentiometer is used to adjust the detection range.

#### Amplitude



#### Examples of applications

- Winding and unwinding monitors
- Sorting of targets on a conveyor belt
- Level monitoring of bulk goods and liquids
- Door monitoring
- Protection of vehicles against collision

#### Note

#### Air temperature

The sonic velocity varies with the air ternperature by 0.17 % / K. If the ambient temperature changes from 20  $^{\circ}$ C to 40  $^{\circ}$ C the sonic velocity will increase by about 3.5 %. Thus, the operating distance increases by the same amount. All Klaschka ultrasonic versions are equipped with an internal temperature compensation to reduce the influence of temperature to a minimum.

#### Air humidity, rain

Ultrasonic sensors are largely unaffected by humidity. Compared to dry air, a relative humidity of 90 % reduces the operating distance by no more than 2 %. Water or dirt directly on the surface ot the transducer may reduce the sensitivity, and thus have to be avoided.

#### Air currents and different temperatures

Strong air currents or atmospheric layers of different temperature may distort the narrow sound lobe. However, for flow velocities of up to 10 m/s, the effect on the functioning is negligible. Ultrasonic sensors, however, are not suitable for detecting glowing hot metal targets because the air turbulance smears the ultrasonic waves preventing an evaluation of the echo.

#### Targets, adjustment

Ultrasonic sensors can detect solid, liquid, grain, and powder rnaterials. The targets can have any shape, but they have to remain above the minimum target size mentioned in the technical data. Ideally, the surface of the target should be flat and smooth. Any roughness should have a depth of less than 0.15 mm. The surface should be perpendicular to the beam axis of the ultrasonic waves. Greater depth of roughness scatters the ultrasonic waves, resulting in a decrease in available operating distance. Curved surfaces (e.g. cylindrical) can also be detected, but the available operating distance may be reduced.

#### Liquid surfaces

For ultrasonic waves, liquid surfaces exhibit the same reflection characteristics as solid targets with flat smooth surfaces. It should be noted, however, that a moving liquid will deflect the echos, resulting in unpredictable functioning of the sensor.

#### Sound absorbing targets

For materials such as foam, cotton, carpet, or similar materials, possessing sound absorbing characteristics, the operating distance is greatly reduced. The echos may be of such low intensity that the target cannot be detected.





#### Distance sensors with switching output

Туре	Ref. no.	Mounting *)	Range	Operation	Outputs	Page
			(mm)	mode		
Design cylindrical M12 x L						
AAD-12eg80b200-1o2Sd1B	13.25-10	b	25 200	Teach-In	2, Sp and/or Öp, switching	8.1.1
Design cylindrical M18 x L		-				
AAD-18fg100b2000-11o22Se1C	13.25-11	b	200 2000	Teach-In	2, Sp and/or Öp, switching	8.1.3
Design cylindrical M30 x L						
AAD-30fg140b3500-11o22Se1C	13.25-12	b	300 3500	Teach-In	2, Sp and/or Öp, switching	8.1.5
Design ashlar shaped 12 x 40						
AAD-12x40fs26b250-1o2Wd1B	13.25-13	b	25 250	Teach-In	1, Sp or Öp, switching	8.1.7
Design ashlar shaped 80 x 80						
AAD-80x80fs50b6000-11o22Se1C	13.25-15	b	600 6000	Teach-In	2, Sp and/or Öp, switching	8.1.9

<sup>\*)</sup> b = flush mounting, n = non-flush mounting

#### Distance sensors with analogue output signal

Туре	Ref. no.	Mounting *)	Range	Operation	Outputs	Page
			(mm)	mode		
Design cylindrical M18 x L						
AGA-18fg100b400-1Se1A	13.25-14	b	30 400	Teach-In	1 x analogue voltage output	8.2.1
AGH-18fg92b600-3ND1	13.25-16	b	100 600		1 x analogue currrent output	8.2.3
AGH-18fg96b1600-3Se1C	13.25-17	b	80 1600	Teach-In	1 x analogue currrent output	8.2.5

<sup>\*)</sup> b = flush mounting, n = non-flush mounting

# **Series AAD-12eg**

		Design; length		O M12 x 1; 7	70 mm	
		Material of the housing		stainless s		
Setting of the switching points, mounting				Teach-In, f		
Range assured operating distance for target sizes 100 x 100 mm <sup>2</sup>				25 200		
Type designation,		1 output plus switching				
Ref. no.	NO (Sp), NC (Öp), hyste	resis and window function	AAD-12eg80	b200-1o2Sd1B	13.25-10	(1/1)
(Wiring)	2 (217) 2 (217) 3 222	Optionally programmable	3.1			( - /
	Maxim	um switching frequency		25 Hz		
		r or lead); number of wires		Connector M12	2; 4-pole	
Repetition accur	Common Technical Data esis of the switching point s racy of the switching point s Short-circuit-proof? everse polarity protection? Ambient temperature range - 20				M12x1	
		Specific Technical Data				
	Permissib	le operating voltage range		10 <u>24</u> 30	) V DC	
		consumption without load		≤ 25 m/	Α	
		Load current		≤ 100 m	Α	
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	·		· ·	
		Resolution	0.25 mm			
		Sound lobe		8 °		
	Function indication ? / Echo LED ?			yes / ye	es .	
		Maximum lead length		150 m		
Lead type	e / standard lead length / number of			-		
	-	_				
	Protection ratir	ng according to IEC 60529		IP 65		
		Protection class				
	Permissible torque	without / with toothed disc		12 Nm / 45	i Nm	
		Weight		25 g		

Recommended accessories

chapter 12.1

For proximity switches with connectors: Please find the required connector with outgoing lead in chapter 12 "Accessories". Order separately.

For proximity switches with outgoing lead: The standard length is 2.0 m or 5.0 m. Lead lengths are marked at the end of the ref. no. by index -020 or -050. In case that deviating lengths are required, please indicate this in the ref. no..

Examples: Lead length10.0 m: Index -100, lead length 0.5 m: Index -005.

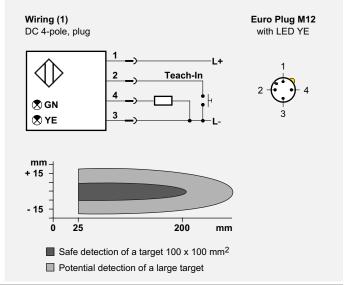
#### Certifications

Proximity switches according to standard: DIN EN 60 947-5-2 (VDE 0660 part 208). We are certified according to DIN EN ISO 9001



#### !!! WARNING !!! Personal injury

DO NOT USE these products as safety or EMERGENCY stop device, or in any other application where failure of the product may result in personal injury. Failure to comply with these instructions may lead to serious personal injuries or even to death.





#### Teach-In procedure

#### A. Programming of the switching point

# Switching function NO characteristics NC characteristics P1 <-1 % -> P2 Distance

Connect the Teach-In input to GND (0 V) for approximately 8 s until the yellow LED P1 is blinking at ~2 Hz.

**Disconnect:** the sensor is now running in Teach-In mode: the yellow LED P1 is blinking at ~1/2 Hz. The programming of the switching point has to take place within 35 s! Place the target at the selected operating distance P1, connect the Teach-In input to GND (0 V) for a few seconds and disconnect. The programming of the switching point is completed. P2 is at 1 % farer away from the sensor.

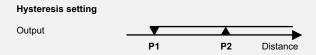
Switching characteristics NO/NC: If during the programming of the switching point LED P1 is on, the switching point will have NO characteristics. If it is off, it will have NC characteristics. The sensor is now operating normally with new value.

#### B. Switching point with programmed hysteresis with NO switching characteristics (Setting of P1 and P2)



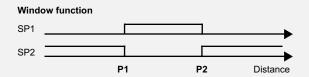
- 1. Programming of the switching point (switching function-NO) at distance P1, as described in section "A".
- 2. Programming of P2: Connect the Teach-In input to GND (0 V) for approx.16 s. After approx. 8 s the yellow LED is blinking at ~2 Hz, after another 8 s the yellow LED is blinking at 1 Hz. Disconnect: now the sensor is in Teach-In mode for P2: the yellow LED is blinking at ~1/2 Hz. Place the target at the selected hysteresis operating distance P2. With the yellow LED on: connect the Teach-In input to GND (0 V) for a few seconds and disconnect. The sensor is now programmed as required.

#### C. Switching point with programmed hysteresis with NC switching characteristics (Setting of P1 and P2)



- 1. Programming of the switching point (switching function-NC) at distance P1, as described in section "A".
- 2. Programming of P2: Connect the Teach-In input to GND (0 V) for approx.16 s. After approx. 8 s the yellow LED is blinking at ~2 Hz, after another 8 s the yellow LED is blinking at 1 Hz. Disconnect: now the sensor is in Teach-In mode for P2: yellow LED is blinking at ~1/2 Hz. Place the target at the selected hysteresis operating distance P2. With the yellow LED on: connect the Teach-In input to GND (0 V) for a few seconds and disconnect. The sensor is now programmed as required.

#### D. Window function



- 1. Programming of the switching point (switching function-NC) at distance P1, as described in section "A".
- 2. Programming of P2: Connect the Teach-In input to GND (0 V) for approx.16 s. After approximately 8 s the yellow LED starts blinking at ~2 Hz, after another 8 s, the yellow LED s blinking at 1 Hz. Disconnect: now the sensor is in Teach-In mode for P2: yellow LED is blinking at ~1/2 Hz. Place the target at the window border P2. With the yellow LED on: Connect the Teach-In input to GND (0 V) for a few seconds and disconnect. The sensor is now programmed as required.

# **Series AAD-18fg**

	Design; length	O M18 x 1; 100 mm
	Housing material	plastic
	Setting of the switching points, mounting	Teach-In, flush
F	Range assured operating distance for targets 100 x 100 mm^2	200 2000 mm
Type designation,	2 outputs plus switching	
Ref. no.	NO (Sp), NC (Öp), hysteresis and window function	AAD-18fg100b2000-11o22Se1C 13.25-11 (1/1)
(Wiring)	Optionally programmable	
	Maximum switching frequency	5 Hz
	Wiring (connector or lead); number of leads	Connector M12; 5-pole
Repetition accur	Common Technical Data esis of the switching point s acy of the switching point s Short-circuit-proof? everse polarity protection? Ambient temperature  1 % 0.2 % 2 mm yes yes - 20 + 70 °C	Sensing face  M18x1  Sensing face  M12x1  M12x1  LED
	Specific Technical Data	
	Permissible operating voltage range	12 <u>24</u> 30 V DC
	Current consumption without load	≤ 60 mA
	Load current	≤ 500 mA
	Resolution	1 mm
	Sound lobe	8 °
	Function indication ? / Echo LED ?	yes (2 x) / yes
	Maximum length of the lead	150 m
Lead type	e / standard lead length / number of wires x lead cross section	*****
	Protection rating according to IEC 60529	IP 67
	Protection class	
	Permissible torque without / with toothed disc	2.5 Nm / 3.5 Nm
	Weight	60 g
-	Recommended accessories	chapter 12.1
	Neconiniended accessories	Glapter 12.1

For proximity switches with connectors: Please find the required connector with outgoing lead in chapter 12 "Accessories". Order separately.

For proximity switches with outgoing lead: The standard length is 2.0 m or 5.0 m. Lead lengths are marked at the end of the ref. no. by index -020 or -050. In case that deviating lengths are required, please indicate this in the ref. no..

Examples: Lead length10.0 m: Index -100, lead length 0.5 m: Index -005.

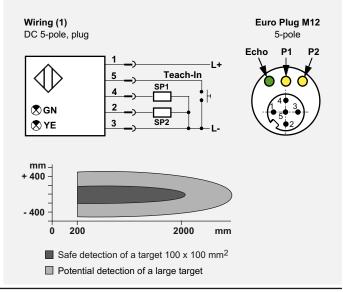
#### Certifications

Proximity switches according to standard: DIN EN 60 947-5-2 (VDE 0660 part 208). We are certified according to DIN EN ISO 9001



#### !!! WARNING !!! Personal injury

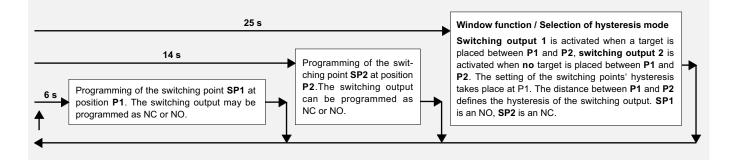
DO NOT USE these products as safety or EMERGENCY stop device, or in any other application where failure of the product may result in personal injury. Failure to comply with these instructions may lead to serious personal injuries or even to death.





#### Teach-In procedure

The following **3 different modes** of the switching outputs can be programmed: **A.** normal switching function, **B.** window function, **C.** adjustable hysteresis. Use the LEDs **Echo**, **P1**, and **P2** to teach in all functions via the programming input (Pin 5). The time sequence is shown in the following diagram.



#### A. Normal switching function NO / NC



#### Teach-In mode P1 (Position SP1)

Connect the Teach-In input to GND until the LEDs **P1** and **Echo** start blinking at ~2 Hz. **Disconnect:** now the sensor is in Teach-In mode for P1: the yellow LED P1 is blinking at ~1 Hz; the green Echo LED returns to its normal function (alignment assistance). The programming of P1 has to take place within 30 s! Place the target at the new position P1. Connect the Teach-In input to GND for a few seconds and disconnect: The programming of P1 is now completed.

Switching characteristics NO/NC: If during the programming of the switching point LED P1 is on, the switching point will have NO characteristics, if it is off it will have NC characteristics. The sensor is operating now normally with new value for P1.

#### Teach-In mode P2 (Position SP2)

Connect the Teach-In input to GND until the LEDs **P2** and **Echo** start blinking at ~2 Hz. The LEDs **P1** and **Echo** are the first to blink, then the LEDs **P2** and **Echo** start blinking at ~2 Hz. **Disconnect**: now the sensor is in Teach-In mode for P2: the yellow LED P2 is blinking at ~1 Hz; the green Echo LED returns to its normal function (alignment assistance). The programming of P2 has to take place within 30 s! Place the target at the new position P2. Connect the Teach-In input to GND for a few seconds and disconnect. The programming of P2 is now completed.

Switching characteristics NO/NC: If during the programming of the switching point LED P2 is on, the switching point will have NO characteristics, if it is off it will have NC characteristics. The sensor is operating now normally with new value for P2.

#### B. Window function / C. Setting of hysteresis



Connect the Teach-In input to GND for a few seconds until the LEDs **P1**, **P2** and **Echo** start blinking at ~2 Hz. The LEDs **P1** and **Echo** are the first to blink, then LEDs **P2** and **Echo** start blinking at ~2 Hz and finally all LEDs are blinking at ~2 Hz. **Disconnect**: now the sensor is in Teach-In mode for window function / setting of hysteresis: the yellow LEDs P1 and P2 are blinking at ~1 Hz; the green Echo LED returns to its normal function (alignment assistance). The programming of this function has to take place within 30 s! Connect the Teach-In input to GND for a few seconds and disconnect: (pay attention to LED P1 and P2!) If the LEDs P1 and P2 do not light up when connecting, the programming of the window function is completed.

If the target is between P1 and P2, SP1 switches on and SP2 off. If there is no target between P1 and P2, SP1 switches off and SP2 on.

If the LEDs P1 and P2 are on when connecting, the programming of the hysteresis setting is completed.

The switching point of SP1 (NO) is at P1 with P1 - P2 hysteresis. The switching point SP2 (NC) is also at P1 with P1 - P2 hysteresis.

# **Series AAD-30fg**

	Design; length	O M30 x 1,5; 140 mm
	Housing material	plastic
	Setting of the switching points, mounting	Teach-In, flush
F	Range assured operating distance for targets 100 x 100 mm^2	300 3500 mm
Type designation,	2 outputs plus switching	
Ref. no.	NO (Sp), NC (Öp), hysteresis and window function	AAD-30fg140b3500-11o22Se1C 13.25-12 (1/1)
(Wiring)	Optionally programmable	
	Maximum switching frequency	2,5 Hz
	Wiring (connector or lead); number of wires	Connector M12; 5-pole
-	Common Technical Data	→ M30x1.5 →
Hystere	esis of the switching point s 1 %	Sensing face
Repetition accur	acy of the switching point s 0.2 % 2 mm	in the second se
	Short-circuit-proof? yes	
R	everse polarity protection ? yes	
	Ambient temperature range - 20 + 70 °C	
		36
		125 ± 00 ± 251
		<u> </u>
		M12x1
		M12x1 —
		· •
	Specific Technical Data	
	Permissible operating voltage range	12 <u>24</u> 30 V DC
	Current consumption without load	≤ 60 mA
	Load current	≤ 500 mA
	Resolution	1 mm
	Sound lobe	8 °
	Function indication ? / Echo LED ?	yes / yes
	** * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	450
	Maximum lead length	150 m
Lead type	e / standard lead length / number of wires x lead cross section	
	Destruition action according to IEO 00500	ID 67
	Protection rating according to IEC 60529	IP 67
	Protection class	0 Nine / 40 Nine
	Permissible torque without / with toothed disc	8 Nm / 10 Nm
	Weight	150 g
	Recommended accessories	chapter 12.1

For proximity switches with connectors: Please find the required connector with outgoing lead in chapter 12 "Accessories". Order separately.

For proximity switches with outgoing lead: The standard length is 2.0 m or 5.0 m. Lead lengths are marked at the end of the ref. no. by index -020 or -050. In case that deviating lengths are required, please indicate this in the ref. no..

Examples: Lead length10.0 m: Index -100, lead length 0.5 m: Index -005.

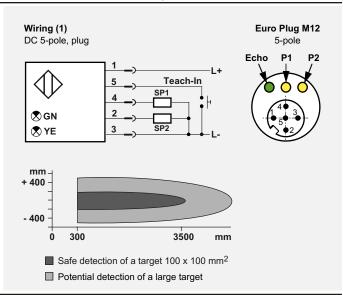
#### Certifications

Proximity switches according to standard: DIN EN 60 947-5-2 (VDE 0660 part 208). We are certified according to DIN EN ISO 9001



#### !!! WARNING !!! Personal injury

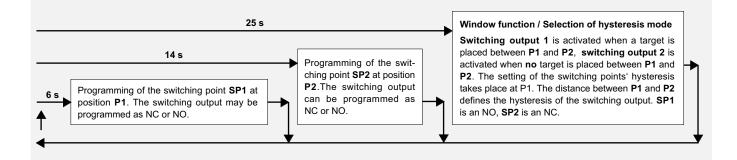
DO NOT USE these products as safety or EMERGENCY stop device, or in any other application where failure of the product may result in personal injury. Failure to comply with these instructions may lead to serious personal injuries or even to death.





#### Teach-in procedure

The following **3 different modes** of the switching outputs can be programmed: **A.** normal switching function, **B.** window function, **C.** adjustable hysteresis. Use the LEDs **Echo**, **P1** and **P2** to teach in all functions via the programming input (Pin 5). The time sequence is shown in the following diagram.



#### A. Normal switching function NO / NC



#### Teach-In mode P1 (Position SP1)

Connect the Teach-In input to GND until the LEDs **P1** and **Echo** start blinking at ~2 Hz. **Disconnect:** now the sensor is in Teach-In mode for P1: the yellow LED P1 is blinking at ~1 Hz; the green Echo LED returns to its normal function (alignment assistance). The programming of P1 has to take place within 30 s! Place the target at the new position P1. Connect the Teach-In input to GND for a few seconds and disconnect: P1 is now programmed.

Switching characteristics NO/NC: If during the programming of the switching point LED P1 is on, the switching point will have NO characteristics, if it is off it will have NC characteristics. The sensor is operating now normally with new value for P1.

#### Teach-In mode P2 (Position SP2)

Connect the Teach-In input to GND until the LEDs **P2** and **Echo** start blinking at ~2 Hz. The LEDs **P1** and **Echo** are the first to blink, then the LEDs **P2** and **Echo** are blinking at ~2 Hz. **Disconnect:** now the sensor is in Teach-In mode for P2: the yellow LED P2 is blinking at ~1 Hz; the green Echo LED returns to its normal function (alignment assistent). The programming of P2 has to take place within 30 s! Place the target at the new position P2. Connect the Teach-In input to GND for a few seconds and disconnect. P2 is now programmed.

Switching characteristics NO/NC: If during the programming of the switching point LED P2 is on, the switching point will have NO characteristics, if it is off it will have NC characteristics. The sensor is operating now normally with new value for P2.

#### B. Window function / C. Setting of hysteresis



Connect the Teach-In input to GND for a few seconds until the LEDs **P1**, **P2** and **Echo** start blinking at ~2 Hz. The LEDs **P1** and **Echo** are the first to blink, then the LEDs **P2** and **Echo** are blinking at ~2 Hz and finally all LEDs are blinking at ~2 Hz. **Disconnect:** now the sensor is in Teach-In mode for window function / setting of hysteresis: the yellow LEDs P1 and P2 are blinking at ~1 Hz; the green Echo LED returns to its normal function (alignment assistance). The programming has to take place within 30 s! Connect the Teach-In input to GND for a few seconds and disconnect: (pay attention to LED P1 and P2!) If the LEDs P1 and P2 do not light up when connecting, the programming of the window function is completed.

If the target is between P1 and P2, SP1 switches on and SP2 off. If there is no target between P1 and P2, SP1 switches off and SP2 on.

If the LEDs P1 and P2 are on when connecting, the programming of the hysteresis setting is completed.

The switching point of SP1 (NO) is at P1 with P1 - P2 hysteresis. The switching point SP2 (NC) is also at P1 with P1 - P2 hysteresis.

# Series AAD-12x40fs

	2 <b>x 40</b> ; 26 mm
Housing material	plastic
	each-In, flush 5 250 mm
Type designation, 1 output plus switching	J 200 IIIII
Ref. no. NO (Sp), NC (Öp), hysteresis and window function AAD-12x40fs26b250-1o2	Wd1B 13.25-13 (1/1)
(Wiring) Optionally programmable	,
Maximum switching frequency	25 Hz
Wiring (connector or lead); number of wires Conn	ector M8; 4-pole
Common Technical Data	
Hysteresis of the switching point s 2 %	
Repetition accuracy of the switching point s 0.3 %	
12 10.3	-26 ±0.5 -►   <del></del> 17 -►  Ø 3.2
Reverse polarity protection? yes  Ambient temperature range - 20 + 70 °C	0 3.2
Ambient temperature range -20 + 70 C	
	† †
	32 32 December 2019
	32 40.5 ±
	4   <del> </del>
	18
	£
Specific Technical Data	
	. <u>24</u> 30 V DC
Current consumption without load	≤ 25 mA
Load current	≤ 100 mA
Resolution	0.25 mm
Sound lobe	8 °
Function indication ? / Echo LED ?	ves lives
Function indication ? / Echo LED ?	yes / yes
Maximum lead length	150 m
Lead type / standard lead length / number of wires x lead cross section	
Protection rating according to IEC 60529	IP 67
Protection class	
Permissible torque without / with toothed disc	
Weight	25 g
Recommended accessories	chapter 12.1
	•
For proximity switches with connectors: Please find the required connector with  Wiring (1)	Euro Plug M8
outgoing lead in chapter 12 "Accessories". Order separately.  Wiring (1)  DC 4-pole, plug	Euro Piug M8
For proximity switches with outgoing lead: The standard length is 2.0 m or	
5.0 m. Lead lengths are marked at the end of the ref. no. by index -020 or -050.	L+
In case that deviating lengths are required, please indicate this in the ref. no	Teach-In
Examples: Lead length10.0 m: Index -100, lead length 0.5 m: Index -005.	2
<b>⊗</b> GN	- th 1 1 3
Certifications	-
Proximity switches according to standard:	
DIN EN 60 947-5-2 (VDE 0660 part 208).	
DIN EN 60 947-5-2 (VDE 0660 part 208).	
DIN EN 60 947-5-2 (VDE 0660 part 208). We are certified according to DIN EN ISO 9001	
DIN EN 60 947-5-2 (VDE 0660 part 208).  We are certified according to DIN EN ISO 9001  III WARNING III Personal injury  DO NOT USE these products as safety or EMERGENCY stop device, or in any	
DIN EN 60 947-5-2 (VDE 0660 part 208).  We are certified according to DIN EN ISO 9001  !!! WARNING !!! Personal injury	250 mm

even to death.

Subject to technical changes!

■ Safe detection of a target 100 x 100 mm²

 $\hfill \square$  Potential detection of a large target



#### Teach-In procedure

#### A. Switching point with 1 % hysteresis

# Switching function NO characteristics NC characteristics P1 <- 1 % -> P2 Distance

Connect the Teach-In input to GND (0 V) for approximately 8 s until the yellow LED P1 is blinking at ~2 Hz.

**Disconnect:** the sensor is now running in Teach-In mode: the yellow LED P1 is blinking at ~1/2 Hz. The programming of the switching point has to take place within 35 s! Place the target at operating distance P1, connect the Teach-In input to GND (0 V) for a few seconds and disconnect. The programming of the switching point is completed. P2 is 1 % further away from the sensor.

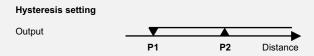
Switching characteristics NO/NC: If during the programming of the switching point LED P1 is on, the switching point will have NO characteristics, if it is off it will have NC characteristics. The sensor is now operating normally with new value.

#### B. Switching point with programmed hysteresis with NO switching characteristics (Setting of P2)

# Output P1 P2 Distance

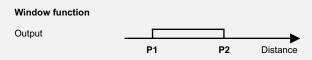
- 1. Programming of the switching point (switching function-NO) at distance P1, as described in section "A".
- 2. Programming of P2: Connect the Teach-In input to GND (0 V) for approx.16 s. After approximately 8 s the yellow LED starts blinking at ~2 Hz, after another 8 s the yellow LED is blinking at 1 Hz. Disconnect: now the sensor is in Teach-In mode for P2: the yellow LED is blinking at ~1/2 Hz. Place the target at the selected hysteresis switching distance P2. With the yellow LED on: connect the Teach-In input to GND (0 V) for a few seconds and disconnect. The sensor is now programmed as required.

#### C. Switching point with programmed hysteresis with NC switching characteristics (Setting of P2)



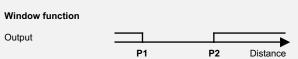
- 1. Programming of the switching point (switching function-NC) at distance P1, as described in section "A".
- 2. Programming P2: Connect the Teach-In input to GND (0 V) for approx.16 s. After approx. 8 s the yellow LED starts blinking at ~2 Hz, after another 8 s the yellow LED is blinking at 1 Hz. Disconnect now the sensor is in Teach-In mode for P2: the yellow LED is blinking at ~1/2 Hz. Place the target at the selected hysteresis switching distance P2. With the yellow LED on: connect the Teach-In input to GND (0 V) for a few seconds and disconnect. The sensor is now programmed as required.

#### D. Window function NO switching characteristics



- 1. Programming of the switching point (switching function-NC) at distance P1, as described in section "A".
- 2. Programming P2: Connect the Teach-In input to GND (0 V) for approx.16 s. After approximately 8 s the yellow LED starts blinking at ~2 Hz, after another 8 s, the yellow LED s blinking at 1 Hz. Disconnect: now the sensor is in Teach-In mode for P2: the yellow LED is blinking at ~1/2 Hz. Place the target at the selected window border P2. With the yellow LED on: connect the Teach-In input to GND (0 V) for a few seconds and disconnect. The sensor is now programmed as required.

#### E. Window function NC switching characteristics



- 1. Programming of the switching point (switching function-NO) at distance P1, as described in section "A".
- 2. Programming P2: Connect the Teach-In input to GND (0 V) for approx.16 s. After approximately 8 s the yellow LED starts blinking at ~2 Hz, after another 8 s, the yellow LED is blinking at 1 Hz. Disconnect: now the sensor is in Teach-In mode for P2: the yellow LED is blinking at ~1/2 Hz. Place the target at the selected window border P2. With the yellow LED on: connect the Teach-In input to GND (0 V) for a few seconds and disconnect. The sensor is now programmed as required.

# Series AAD-80x80fs

	Design; length	□ <b>80 mm;</b> 80 mm; 50 mm
	Housing material	plastic
	Setting of the switching points, mounting	Teach-In, flush
F	Range assured operating distance for targets 100 x 100 mm^2	600 6000 mm
Type designation, Ref. no. (Wiring)	2 outputs plus switching NO (Sp), NC (Öp), hysteresis and window function Optionally programmable	AAD-80x80fs50b6000-11o22Se1C 13.25-15 (1/1)
	Maximum switching frequency	1 Hz
	Wiring (connector or lead); number of wires	Connector M12; 5-pole
Repetition accur	Common Technical Data esis of the switching point s acy of the switching point s Short-circuit-proof? everse polarity protection? Ambient temperature range  Stort-circuit-proof? yes yes	000
		ø 6.2(4x)
	Specific Technical Data Permissible operating voltage range	12 <u>24</u> 30 V DC
		12 <u>24</u> 30 V DC < 60 mA
	Current consumption without load	
	Load current	≤ 500 mA
	Dec-1.46	1 mm
	Resolution	1 mm 8 °
	Sound lobe	0
	Function indication ? / Echo LED ?	yes (2 x) / yes
	Maximum lead length	150 m
L pad type	e / standard lead length / number of wires x lead cross section	100 111
Leau type	57 Standard lead length / Humber Of Wiles X lead Cross Section	
	Protection rating according to IEC 60529	IP 65
	Protection rating according to IEC 60529 Protection class	IF OU
	Permissible torque without / with toothed disc	300 g
	Weight	300 g
	Decommonded cooks	obantor 40.4
	Recommended accessories	chapter 12.1

For proximity switches with connectors: Please find the required connector with outgoing lead in chapter 12 "Accessories". Order separately.

For proximity switches with outgoing lead: The standard length is 2.0 m or 5.0 m. Lead lengths are marked at the end of the ref. no. by index -020 or -050. In case that deviating lengths are required, please indicate this in the ref. no..

Examples: Lead length10.0 m: Index -100, lead length 0.5 m: Index -005.

#### Certifications

Proximity switches according to standard: DIN EN 60 947-5-2 (VDE 0660 part 208). We are certified according to DIN EN ISO 9001



#### !!!! WARNING !!! Personal injury

DO NOT USE these products as safety or EMERGENCY stop device, or in any other application where failure of the product may result in personal injury. Failure to comply with these instructions may lead to serious personal injuries or even to death.

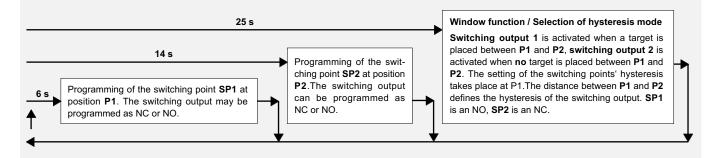
Subject to technical changes!

# Wiring (1) DC 5-pole, plug Teach-In SP1 SP1 SP2 SP2 SP2 Safe detection of a target 100 x 100 mm² Potential detection of a large target



#### Teach-In procedure

The following **3 different modes** of the switching outputs can be programmed: **A.** normal switching function, **B.** window function, **C.** adjustable hysteresis. Use the LEDs **Echo**, **P1** and **P2** to teach in all functions via the programming input (Pin 5). The time sequence is shown in the following diagram.



#### A. Normal switching function NO / NC



#### Teach-In mode P1 (Position SP1)

Connect the Teach-In input to GND until the LEDs **P1** and **Echo** start blinking at ~2 Hz. **Disconnect:** now the sensor is in Teach-In mode for P1: the yellow LED P1 is blinking at ~1 Hz; the green Echo LED returns to its normal function (alignment assistance). The programming of P1 has to take place within 30 s! Place the target at the new position P1. Connect the Teach-In input to GND for a few seconds and disconnect: P1 is now programmed.

Switching characteristics NO/NC: If during the programming of the switching point LED P1 is on, the switching point will have NO characteristics, if it is off it will have NC characteristics. The sensor is operating now normally with new value for P1.

#### Teach-In mode P2 (Position SP2)

Connect the Teach-In input to GND until the LEDs **P2** and **Echo** start blinking at ~2 Hz. The LEDs **P1** and **Echo** are the first to blink, then the LEDs **P2** and **Echo** are blinking at ~2 Hz. **Disconnect:** now the sensor is in Teach-In mode for P2: the yellow LED P2 is blinking at ~1 Hz; the green Echo LED returns to its normal function (alignment assistance). The programming of P2 has to take place within 30 s! Place the target at the new position P2. Connect the Teach-In input to GND for a few seconds and disconnect. P2 is now programmed.

Switching characteristics NO/NC: If during the programming of the switching point LED P2 is on, the switching point will have NO characteristics, if it is off it will have NC characteristics. The sensor is operating now normally with new value for P2.

#### B. Window function / C. Setting of hysteresis



Connect the Teach-In input to GND until the LEDs **P1**, **P2** and **Echo** start blinking at ~2 Hz. The LEDs **P1** and **Echo** are the first to blink, then the LEDs **P2** and **Echo** are blinking at ~2 Hz and finally all LEDs are blinking at ~2 Hz. **Disconnect:** now the sensor is in Teach-In mode for window function / setting of hysteresis: the yellow LEDs P1 and P2 are blinking at ~1 Hz; the green Echo LED returns to its normal function (alignment assistance). The programming of the function has to take place within 30 s! Connect the Teach-In input to GND for a few seconds and disconnect: (pay attention to LED P1 and P2!) If the LEDs P1 and P2 do not light up when connecting, the window function is programmed.

If the target is between P1 and P2, SP1 switches on and SP2 off. If there is no target between P1 and P2, SP1 switches off and SP2 on.

If the LEDs P1 and P2 are on when connecting, the programming of the hysteresis setting is completed.

The switching point of SP1 (NO) is at P1 with P1 - P2 hysteresis. The switching point SP2 (NC) is also at P1 with P1 - P2 hysteresis.

# **Analogue Ultrasonic Sensor**

# Series AGA-18fg

	Design; length	O M18 x 1; 100 mm
	Material of the housing	plastic
	Setting of the switching points, mounting	Teach-In, flush
Rang	e assured operating distance for target sizes 100 x 100 mm^2	30 400 mm
Type designation,	Analogue output characteristics 0 10 V	AGA-18fg100b400-1Se1A 13.25-14 (1/1)
Ref. no.	Parameter of the characteristics teachable	7.6.7. 161g 1665 166 16617. 16.26 11 (171)
(Wiring)	Analogue output characteristics 4 20 mA	
	Parameter of the characteristics teachable	
	Response time	60 ms
	Wiring (connector or lead); number of wires	Connector M12; 5-pole
	Common Technical Data racy of the switching points Short-circuit-proof? everse polarity protection? Ambient temperature  - 20 + 70 °C	Sensing face  M18x1  Fig. 124  Fig.
	Specific Technical Data	M12x1 →
	Permissible operating voltage range	15 <u>24</u> 30 V DC
	Current consumption without load	< 30 mA
	<u> </u>	
	Resolution	0.125 mm
	Linearity error	< 0.5 %
	Sound lobe	8 °
	Alignment assistance ? / Echo LED ?	yes / yes
	Maximum length of the lead	150 m
Lead type	e / standard lead length / number of wires x lead cross section	
	Protection rating according to IEC 60529	IP 65
	Protection class	
	Permissible torque without / with toothed disc	2.5 Nm / 3.5 Nm
	Weight	60 g
	Decommended access to	obantor 42.4
	Recommended accessories	chapter 12.1

For proximity switches with connectors: Please find the required connector with outgoing lead in chapter 12 "Accessories". Order separately.

For proximity switches with outgoing lead: The standard length is 2.0 m or 5.0 m. Lead lengths are marked at the end of the ref. no. by index -020 or -050. In case that deviating lengths are required, please indicate this in the ref. no..

Examples: Lead length10.0 m: Index -100, lead length 0.5 m: Index -005.

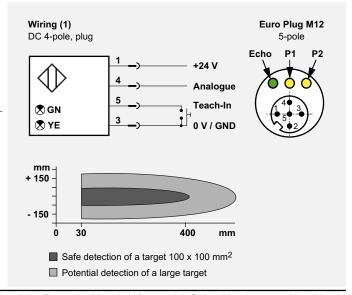
#### Certifications

Proximity switches according to standard: DIN EN 60 947-5-2 (VDE 0660 part 208). We are certified according to DIN EN ISO 9001



#### !!! WARNING !!! Personal injury

DO NOT USE these products as safety or EMERGENCY stop device, or in any other application where failure of the product may result in personal injury. Failure to comply with these instructions may lead to serious personal injuries or even to death.



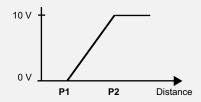


#### Teach-In procedure

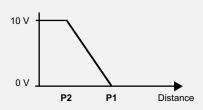
#### A. Analogue characteristics

P1 and P2 are used to determine the operating range of the analogue characteristics: P1 determines the position where the characteristics value is 0 V, P2 determines the position 10 V.

Positive characteristics: --> P1 < P2



Negative characteristics: --> P2 < P1



#### B. Programming of the characteristics

#### Teach-In mode P1 (Position SP1)

Connect the Teach-In input to GND until the LEDs **P1** and **Echo** start blinking at ~2 Hz. **Disconnect**: now the sensor is in Teach-In mode for P1: the yellow LED P1 is blinking at ~1 Hz; the green Echo LED returns to its normal function (alignment assistance). The programming of P1 has to take place within 30 s! Place the target at the new position P1. Connect the Teach-In input to GND for a few seconds and disconnect: The programming of P1 is now completed.

Characteristics positive/negative: If P1 is closer to the sensor than P2, the sensor will operate with positive characteristics. If P2 is closer to the sensor than P1, the sensor will operate with negative characteristics.

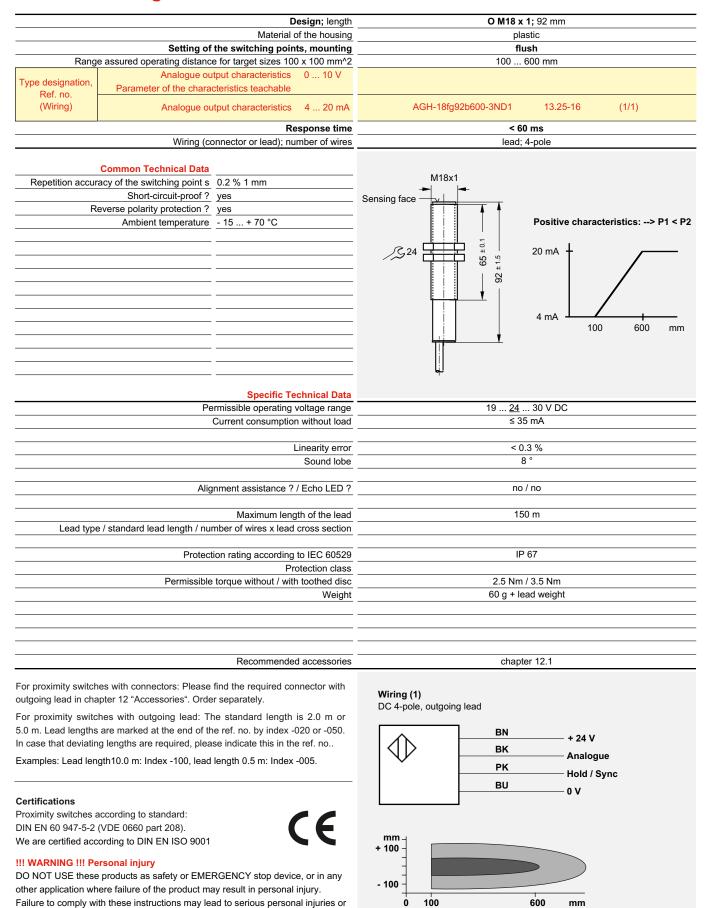
#### Teach-In mode P2 (Position SP2)

Connect the Teach-In input to GND until the LEDs **P2** and **Echo** start blinking at ~2 Hz. The LEDs **P1** and **Echo** are the first to blink, then the LEDs **P2** and **Echo** start blinking at ~2 Hz. **Disconnect:** now the sensor is in Teach-In mode for P2: the yellow LED P2 is blinking at ~1 Hz; the green Echo LED returns to its normal function (alignment assistance). The programming of P2 has to take place within 30 s! Place the target at the new position P2. Connect the Teach-In input to GND for a few seconds and disconnect. The programming of P2 is now completed.

Characteristics positive/negative: If P1 is closer to the sensor than P2, the sensor will operate with positive characteristics. If P2 is closer to the sensor than P1, the sensor will operate with negative characteristics.

# **Analogue Ultrasonic Sensor**

# Series AGH-18fg



Subject to technical changes!

even to death.

■ Safe detection of a target 100 x 100 mm<sup>2</sup>

☐ Potential detection of a large target



# **Analogue Ultrasonic Sensor**

# Series AGH-18fg

	Design; length	O M18 x 1; 96 mm
	Material of the housing	plastic
	Setting of the switching points, mounting	Teach-In, flush
Rang	e assured switching distance for target sizes 100 x 100 mm^2	80 1600 mm
Type designation,	Analogue output characteristics 0 10 V	
Ref. no.	Parameter of the characteristics teachable	
(Wiring)	Analogue output characteristics 4 20 mA	AGH-18fg96b1600-3Se1C 13.25-17 (1/1)
(*******9)	Parameter of the characteristics teachable	Adri-10ig30b1000-30e10 13.23-11 (1/1)
	Response time	140 ms
	Wiring (connector or lead); number of wires	Connector M12; 5-pole
	Common Technical Data	
Repetition accur	racy of the switching point s 0.2 % 2 mm	M18x1
	Short-circuit-proof? yes	Sensing face
F	Reverse polarity protection? yes	Solicing lass
	Ambient temperature - 20 + 70 °C	
		24 5 5
		- H
		8
		M12x1
		`LED
	Constitution I Date	
	Specific Technical Data	45 24 20 V DC
	Permissible operating voltage range	15 <u>24</u> 30 V DC < 30 mA
	Current consumption without load	< 30 mA
	Resolution	1 mm
	Linearity error	< 0.5 %
	Sound lobe	8°
	Sound lobe	<u> </u>
	Alignment assistance ? / Echo LED ?	yes / yes
	, angs. it doolotatios . / Lono LLD :	, so , , so
	Maximum length of the lead	150 m
Lead type	e / standard lead length / number of wires x lead cross section	
	Protection rating according to IEC 60529	IP 65
	Protection class	
	Permissible torque without / with toothed disc	2.5 Nm / 3.5 Nm
	Weight	60 g
	git.	··· <b>y</b>
	Recommended accessories	chapter 12.1
	recommended accessories	Glaptor 12.1

For proximity switches with connectors: Please find the required connector with outgoing lead in chapter 12 "Accessories". Order separately.

For proximity switches with outgoing lead: The standard length is 2.0 m or 5.0 m. Lead lengths are marked at the end of the ref. no. by index -020 or -050. In case that deviating lengths are required, please indicate this in the ref. no..

Examples: Lead length10.0 m: Index -100, lead length 0.5 m: Index -005.

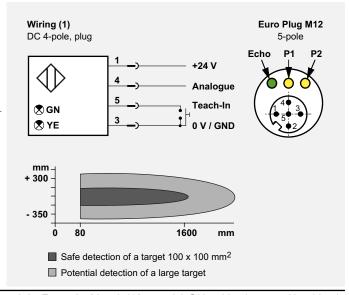
#### Certifications

Proximity switches according to standard: DIN EN 60 947-5-2 (VDE 0660 part 208). We are certified according to DIN EN ISO 9001



#### !!! WARNING !!! Personal injury

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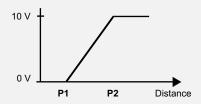


#### Teach-In procedure

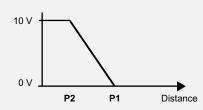
#### A. Analogue characteristics

P1 and P2 are used to determine the operating range of the analogue characteristics: P1 determines the position where the characteristics value is 0 V, P2 determines the position 10 V.

Positive characteristics: --> P1 < P2



Negative characteristics: --> P2 < P1



#### B. Programming of the characteristics

#### Teach-In mode P1 (Position SP1)

Connect the Teach-In input to GND until the LEDs **P1** and **Echo** start blinking at ~2 Hz. **Disconnect**: now the sensor is in Teach-In mode for P1: the yellow LED P1 is blinking at ~1 Hz; the green Echo LED returns to its normal function (alignment assistance). The programming of P1 has to take place within 30 s! Place the target at the new position P1. Connect the Teach-In input to GND for a few seconds and disconnect: The programming of P1 is now completed.

Characteristics positive/negative: If P1 is closer to the sensor than P2, the sensor will operate with positive characteristics. If P2 is closer to the sensor than P1, the sensor will operate with negative characteristics.

#### Teach-In mode P2 (Position SP2)

Connect the Teach-In input to GND until the LEDs **P2** and **Echo** start blinking at ~2 Hz. The LEDs **P1** and **Echo** are the first to blink, then the LEDs **P2** and **Echo** start blinking at ~2 Hz. **Disconnect:** now the sensor is in Teach-In mode for P2: the yellow LED P2 is blinking at ~1 Hz; the green Echo LED returns to its normal function (alignment assistance). The programming of P2 has to take place within 30 s! Place the target at the new position P2. Connect the Teach-In input to GND for a few seconds and disconnect. The programming of P2 is now completed.

Characteristics positive/negative: If P1 is closer to the sensor than P2, the sensor will operate with positive characteristics. If P2 is closer to the sensor than P1, the sensor will operate with negative characteristics